Walk of Fame Star

Lowman Pauling

Lowman Pauling was the force behind the "5" Royales. He is in th North Carolina Writers Hall Of Fame and the North Carolina Music Hall of Fame. He is mentioned as a key influence by James Brown, Eric Claption, Jimi Hendrix and Steve Crooper among others. He was a song writer and his songs were copied by the Shirelles, Mama an the Papas, James Brown, Mic Jagger, Otis Redding and Ray Charles. He was named in the top 100 guitar players in the world. A star truely is deserved. His history is attached. His music started R&B as we know it.

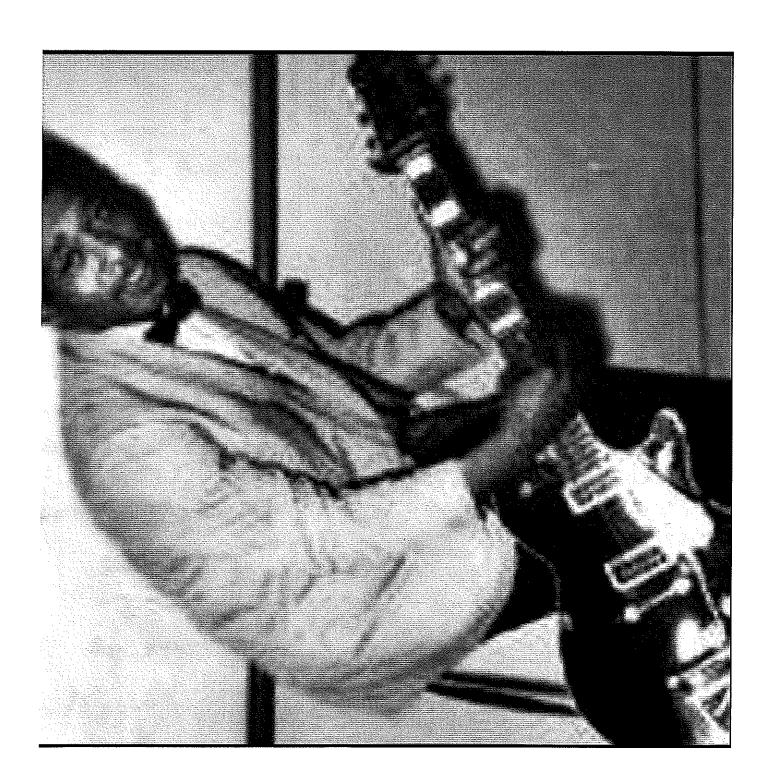
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Guitarist/songwriter Lowman Pauling was a member of '50s R&B/rock vocal group the "5" Royales and co-wrote "Dedicated to the One I Love," covered by the group on a 1958 King Records single....

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Artist Biography by Ed Hogan

Guitarist/songwriter Lowman Pauling was a member of '50s R&B/rock vocal group the "5" Royales and co-wrote "Dedicated to the One I Love," covered by the group on a 1958 King Records single. The song was a 1961 hit for the Shirelles and a 1967 hit for the Mamas and the Papas. Besides "Dedicated...," Pauling also wrote "Think" — not to be confused with Aretha Franklin's million-selling smash — originally recorded by the "5" Royales and covered as a 1960 R&B hit single for James Brown (a labelmate of theirs doing their stint on King Records) and Ray Charles' cover of "Tell the Truth" made it to number 13 R&B during the summer of 1960. Other "5" Royales hits written by Pauling are their two number one R&B hits, "Baby Don't Do It," "Help Me Somebody," "Crazy, Crazy, Crazy," "I Do," "Tears of Joy," and "Too Much Lovin'." Lowman Pauling is mentioned as a key influence by James Brown, Eric Clapton, and Steve Cropper, among others. The "5" Royales are cited as a groundbreaking link between gospel, R&B/rock, doo wop, and soul music.

Pauling and his brothers Clarence and Curtis backed their father, Lowman Pauling Sr. during concerts as the Royal Sons Gospel Group in their native North Carolina. Carolina radio producer Robert Woodward contacted NY-based Apollo Records about the group. Signed by Apollo, the group's name was changed from the Royal Sons Quintet to the "5" Royales by the label's Carl Le Bowe. With the departure of Johnny Holmes just before the group switched from gospel music to R&B and later Clarence (who would later change his name to Clarence Paul and become a successful Motown producer/songwriter/A&R director and a mentor to Stevie Wonder), the group lineup was guitarist Lowman Pauling, lead singer Johnny Tanner, tenors James Moore and Obadiah "Scoop" Carter, and baritone Otto Jeffries. Their first single was "Give Me One More Chance" b/w "Too Much of a Little Rit". Leffries became the group's manager and was replaced in the baritone snot by Eurene Tanner.

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Somebody," which held the top spot for five weeks in spring 1953. Its flip side, "Crazy, Crazy," went to number five R&B. More hits followed: the number four hit "Too Much Lovin' (Much Too Much" b/w the risqué "Laundromat Blues" from summer 1953 and "I Do," a number six R&B hit from early 1954. An Apollo LP, The Five Royales, was issued in 1953. The group followed Carl Le Bowe to Syd Nathan's King Records where their biggest hits were "Tears of Joy" (number nine R&B, summer 1957) and "Think" (number nine R&B, fall 1957). Both were included on the King 1957 album Dedicated to You. Five Royales Sing for You was the title of their 1959 King LP.

"Dedicated to the One I Love" was covered by the Shirelles on a 1958 Sceptor Records single after they heard them do the song in concert. After the Shirelles went to number one pop/number two R&B with "Will You Love Me Tomorrow,"their version of "Dedicated to the One I Love" was reissued, going to number three pop and parking at the number two R&B spot for two weeks in early 1961. The Mamas and

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Active

1950s - 1960s

Genre

R&B

Pop/Rock

Styles

Early R&B Rock & Roli

The "5" Royales

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The Papas' cover held the number two pop spot for three weeks in the spring of 1967. As the group's singles falled to be big hits, Pauling began recording as a solo artist for various labels. Over the decades, the group continued to perform, botstered by their reputation for exciting live shows.

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While performing his custodial duties at a Brooklyn synagogue, Lowman Pauling died on December 26, 1973, in New York, NY.

Lowman Pauling-related releases are All Rightyl: Apollo Recordings, Take Me With You Baby, Apollo Sessions, The "5" Royales, "5" Royales Sing for You, and Monkey, Hips and Rice: The "5" Royales Anthology.

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Steve Cropper

Homage to Lowman Pauling

By Michael Dregni



All but forgotten today, with his low-slung guitar, stylish rhythm licks, and tasty leads, Lowman Pauling was one of the great guitar heroes of the '50s. Guitarist for the R&B doo-wop band the 5 Royales, not only did Pauling pick melody lines and play leads, he also composed many of the band's songs, sang in the five-piece group, and served as a sort of musical director.

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Pauling was one of Steve Cropper's first guitar inspirations. "Bo Diddley had the rhythm and Lowman Pauling had the notes," he said.

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Cropper is paying credit to Pauling and the band with *Dedicated: A Salute to the 5 Royales*, a new album with 15 5 Royales songs re-made with Cropper's funky licks and vocals from special guests.

Cropper remembers the night he and bandmate Donald "Duck" Dunn snuck into a 5 Royales show in the Beverly Ballroom near Memphis. Their band played downstairs at the Tropicana, but when a big act came to town, the club closed as the promoters knew everyone would be climbing the stairs for the main feature.

"Duck and I were 18 or 19, and we've reminisced many times remembering that night and seeing those guys. He was influenced by the bass player and I was influenced by the guitar player."

They carried that inspiration with them into the Mar-Keys, and Booker T and the MGs.

"Lowman Pauling looked great onstage," Cropper explained. "He was the action guy. He had the moves, man. He could do that shuffle. He had this long strap that just blew me away – I'd never seen that before, you know. Straps only came in certain lengths – they still do. I couldn't wait to get home and put belts together to make my own long strap for my Gibson Byrdland."

Cropper and Dunn later crossed paths with Pauling. In fact, the CD's cover picture was taken at the Royal Peacock Lounge in Atlanta, with Cropper wearing his Byrdland slung low in emulation of Pauling.

"The Mar-Keys had a record, 'Last Night,' which I think was number three in the nation, and I didn't know the 5 Royales had played the Royal Peacock Lounge two or three weeks prior; our tour followed the 5 Royales and Ike and Tina Turner for about four weeks. I don't know how we made it!"

Cropper borrowed more from Pauling than just strap length; his melodic style was one of Cropper's main inspirations. "In the Mar-Keys, we always played the 5 Royales' 'Think.' That's the one, as far as those stamp fills... I copped that from Lowman, and I've been using them forever on all the Stax stuff."

The idea of giving thanks to Pauling came from the album's co-producer, John Tiven. After releasing three solo albums from 1969 through the early '80s, Cropper he was in no rush to try again. "John called one day and said, 'How would you enjoy doing an album with nothing but 5 Royales songs, as a tribute?' I went, 'Wow! Why didn't I think of that!"

The duo listened to the 5 Royales' catalog and selected songs. Cropper then was faced with the question of how faithful he should be to the originals.

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"I called John and said, 'You know, it's not impossible to copy Lowman's licks, but how close do you want me to be to this?' He said, 'I don't want you to be that close at all. I want you to play Steve Cropper.'

"Lowman always played very melodically," Cropper added. "So where he played definite lines, those are the lines I picked up on, like intros and that kind of stuff. The rest of it, I'm sort of just on my own. I did most of those important licks on a session, played rhythm, then went back later and overdubbed the solo stuff. So there's a couple there where we have two or three tracks and left them in there – made one pass, made another pass. We just kind of put them together and said, 'Hey, that sounds pretty good!'"

Cropper was happy to play guitar, but preferred not doing vocals – especially on an album of doo-wop tunes. "I proved to myself long ago that I'm not really a singer – I never thought I was one anyway. If I had my preferences, I'll just be a member of the band and have fun doing that; I love backing other people."

So Cropper and Tiven began calling friends; Sharon Jones added vocals to "Messin' Up," Brain May sang and played guitar on "I Do," Lucinda Williams sang "When I Get Like This," and there are more tracks featuring B.B. King, Steve Winwood, Buddy Miller, Delbert McClinton, Bettye LaVette, and others.

Cropper played much of the rhythm parts using a vintage Fender Telecaster from his Stax days. He still has the tweed Fender Harvard he used to record "Green Onions," but opted for the old Quad Reverb used on many later Stax tracks.

For the lead lines, he used his stage workhorse Peavey. Some solos employed the Quad Reverb, and "...some were done at John Tiven's house and we went direct."

What about effects pedals? "Naw, just straight into the amp," Cropper said. In fact, he has *never* been a big user of effects. "I use an A/B box," he laughed. "One side goes to the tuner, the other goes to the amp."

Perhaps the hottest track on the album is an instrumental version of "Think." Cropper had long played the 5 Royales' version with the Mar-Keys, but for *Dedicated*, Tiven suggested they cover the funkier James Brown arrangement. On the track, the band simply cooks. "Steve Jordan was there playing drums, and Lord have mercy, we didn't ever want to stop playing it!" Cropper explained. "We got through, and he and I were laughing. I said, 'Guys, that's the way you make records!' Just spontaneous."

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Lowman Pauling

Real Name: Lomond Pauling.

Profile: Born: July 14, 1926 in Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

Died: December 26, 1973 in New York City, New York.

Guitarist/songwriter Lowman Pauling was founding member of the groundbreaking 1950s R&B/rock vocal group The "5"

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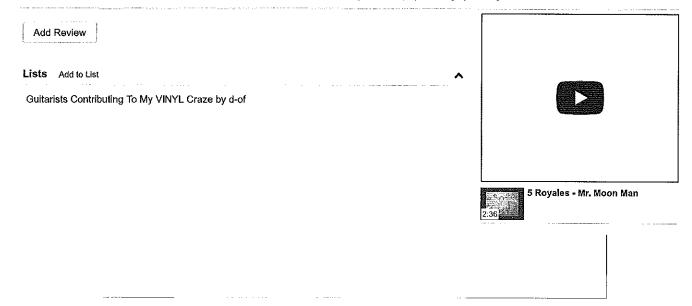
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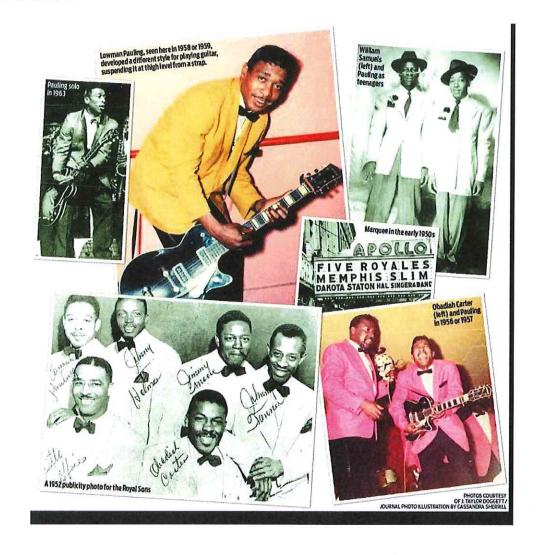
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Lowman "Pete" Pauling helped give birth to rhythm and blues in U.S.

Music's Unsung Pioneer

Lisa O'donnell Dec 4, 2011



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A small obituary, lost in a wash of gray newsprint appeared halfway down Page 5 of the Winston-Salem Journal on Dec. 28, 1973, announcing the death of a one-time city resident who had lived in New York for the past 10 years.

Beyond his survivors, the obit contained nothing of the man's life, the miles he traveled, the musical masterpieces he created, the impact he made on pop culture.

More than those errors of omission, the blink-and-you'll-miss-it obituary of a rock 'n' roll pioneer, arguably the most important musical figure to emerge from Winston-Salem, included one other egregious mistake.

His name was misspelled.

Which is all sadly emblematic of the life of Lowman "Pete" Pauling (misspelled *Lawman* in the obituary), a visionary guitarist and songwriter who transcended his impoverished upbringing in the coal camps of West Virginia and the streets of Winston-Salem to become one of the pillars of early rhythm and blues, only to die alone at the age of 47 while working as a custodian at a Brooklyn synagogue.

Pauling was the guiding light for The 5 Royales, a groundbreaking Winston-Salem band whose fusion of gospel and R&B in the 1950s laid the groundwork for soul and rock 'n' roll.

While most casual, and even some die-hard, music fans are unfamiliar with Pauling's name, his music has reached millions, across all genres.

Consider his most enduring composition, "Dedicated to the One I Love," which was a smash hit for the folk group The Mamas and The Papas in 1967 and sampled by hard-core rapper DMX on his 2003 song "Dogs Out."

Pauling's vocal arrangements for the Royales influenced such bands as The Temptations, and his approach to guitar left an indelible impression on Steve Cropper, best known for his guitar work with Booker T. and the M.G.'s, Sam and Dave, and Otis Redding.

Yet, even within the music industry, Pauling is regarded as a musical footnote, rarely rating a mention among the great rock 'n' roll guitarists and failing to get into the rock 'n' roll and R&B halls of fame.

Peter Guralnick, who is in the pantheon of great American music writers, is emphatic in his praise for Pauling, citing his singular body of work with the Royales.

"It is a miscarriage of justice that they are not in the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame," Guralnick said. "In fact, they should have been among the first because of their influence, which cuts across every category. They were as great as anyone out there."

It's an oversight that Cropper hopes to correct with "Dedicated: A Salute to the 5 Royales," his all-star tribute album that includes such A-listers as B.B. King, Steve Winwood, Lucinda Williams and Queen guitarist Brian May.

The album has unleashed a flood of publicity and received warm reviews in such media outlets as The New York Times, the Wall Street Journal, National Public Radio and Mojo, a British-based music magazine, while sparking a renewed interest in Pauling and his band mates, all of whom have died.

"I hope the audience sees this as an educational tool, to look at where music started, and maybe I can stir some interest," Cropper said from his home in Nashville, Tenn. "It's all about educating ears."

Cropper, whose songwriting credits include "(Sittin' on) The Dock of The Bay," "In the Midnight Hour" and "Knock on Wood," became enamored with Pauling after watching him perform one night at a theater in Memphis, his guitar slung low in his trademark style.

"Some people might look at the comedy aspect of that, maybe comparing it with the way Chuck Berry played behind his back. But I didn't see the humor in it," Cropper recalled.

"I thought it was the coolest thing I had ever seen."

Don't Try to Figure Out Where I Come From

That first line from the Royales' 1957 song, "The Slummer the Slum," serves as an apt warning for Pauling researchers.

Thanks to the exhaustive research of Greensboro businessman J. Taylor Doggett, much is known about the Royales' recorded history. But details about Pauling's personal life are scarce.

Most of his contemporaries are dead or their memories have faded. Compounding matters was Pauling's penchant for secrecy, even mystery. His widow, Elise, and only child, Darryl, both of whom still live in Winston-Salem, describe a quiet man who spent most of his adult life crisscrossing the country in a station wagon with his band.

"He'd get quiet, very quiet," Elise recalled one day while sitting in the house on Rich Avenue that she shared with Pauling. "You'd never know what he was thinking."

Pauling also seems to have given few interviews.

This we do know: Pauling was born in South Carolina on July 14, 1926, the second of Lowman Sr. and Arsula Pauling's four children, all of whom are dead.

About the time he was 9, his parents divorced, and Pete, as his family and friends called him, and his younger brother, Clarence, were sent to live with their father in a coal camp near Bluefield, W.Va.

A coal miner who later died of black lung disease, Lowman Sr. introduced his sons to music, leading a gospel group that rehearsed weekly in the Pauling home.

The Pauling brothers, just two years apart, were a tight twosome, known to locals as Pete and Repeat, according to Bettye LaVette, who once dated Clarence and sings on the "Dedicated" tribute album.

Clarence Pauling, it is worth noting, became a major figure at Motown, producing early Temptations' records and shepherding the career of a young Stevie Wonder. He later dropped the "ing" from his name to avoid confusion with his brother.

In a 1990 recorded interview with his daughter, Alexis, that has been posted on a website devoted to soul music, Clarence recounted a childhood filled with music.

Contrary to popular belief, the coal camps of southern West Virginia were not culturally isolated, but they rang with all kinds of music, from country music blasting from WLW, Cincinnati's powerful AM station, to vaudeville tunes performed at traveling shows, to gospel and blues songs that workers brought with them on their northern migration, said Christopher Wilkinson, a professor of music history at West Virginia University.

Some of the top jazz acts of the day — Ella Fitzgerald, Jimmy Lunceford and Count Basie — frequently played to the large population of black coal workers in the Bluefield area, Wilkinson said.

Clarence had vivid memories of watching some of these bands from afar, studying their complex orchestration and melodies. No doubt his big brother, Pete, was at his side.

Pete Pauling soon discovered another means of musical expression. Using a cigar box and strings, the industrious Pete built a guitar, plucking on it all day and sleeping beside it each night, Clarence told Goldmine magazine in 1993.

The boys put together a musical act and represented their school in talent contests against other schools.

"Clarence used to tell me lots of stories and, once, he told me they entered a talent contest and won the first indoor toilet for their school," LaVette said with a hearty laugh. "This was a big deal."

The musical life they led in West Virginia surely planted a seed in each of them. Back to live with their mother in Winston-Salem as teenagers, the Pauling brothers formed a gospel group with assorted family members and friends in the late 1930s and began singing in local churches, with Pete Pauling singing and playing guitar.

The act, which later became the Royal Sons Quintet, became so popular that three radio stations — WSJS, WAIR and WAAA — broadcast them on Sunday mornings.

One day in 1948, Pauling and a friend, William Samuels, crossed paths with the Maye sisters at Macedonia Holiness Church.

With his coffee-colored complexion, doleful eyes, pencil-thin moustache and wisp of hair beneath his bottom lip, Pauling cut a striking figure. He and Elise Maye exchanged phone numbers and later went to see a movie.

"He seemed to be a nice gentleman," she said.

Three years later, they were married in High Point and settled into a comfortable life, with Pauling playing steadily with the Royal Sons.

But change was just around the corner.

Too Much of a Little Bit

In 1951, executives at Apollo records in New York caught wind of the Royal Sons and traveled to Winston-Salem to record two demos at the old Fries Auditorium at Winston-Salem State University.

The tunes, "Bedside of a Neighbor" and "Journey's End," were straight gospel tunes, no different from what they had been singing for years.

Impressed with the band's stunning harmonies and the soaring vocals of Johnny Tanner, Apollo called the band up to New York to record a mix of gospel and R&B songs, many of which were written by Pauling.

Apollo executive Carl LeBow must have sensed that with a little tweaking, the Royal Sons, which now consisted of Pauling, Otto Jeffries, Tanner, Obadiah Carter and Jimmy Moore, could compete with The Dominoes, The Clovers and other vocal groups in the burgeoning R&B market. After a 1952 session, the makeover was complete, and the Royal Sons became The 5 Royales. (Tanner's brother, Eugene, later joined the group, replacing Jeffries.)

By February 1953, Pauling's composition, "Baby Don't Do It," hit No. 1 on Billboard's R&B chart, followed a few months later by another Pauling-penned song, "Help Me Somebody," a title that came from a refrain frequently uttered by a preacher at Shiloh Baptist Church in Winston-Salem.

Although little is known about Pauling's songwriting habits — his son and widow never saw him write or fiddle with his guitar at home — he clearly had no trouble switching from gospel to the raunchier R&B style, tossing in double entendres such as "If you leave me pretty baby, I'll have bread without no meat," from "Baby Don't Do It."

Meanwhile, back in Winston-Salem, Elise Pauling had no inkling what was going on in her husband's career.

"All of this was a surprise to me," she said. "Next thing I know, 'Baby Don't Do It' was on the radio. I didn't know all that was in him."

With his songs selling hundreds of thousands copies, Pauling and the band hit the road for months at a time, playing for segregated audiences at such legendary venues as the Apollo Theater in Harlem and rubbing elbows with the likes of Little Richard, Sam Cooke and James Brown.

On stage, Pauling, not about to be outdone by Chuck Berry, Bo Diddley and other guitar slingers of the era, was a picture of cool. With perfectly creased slacks and matching jacket, processed hair and a Gibson Les Paul hanging down to his knees, Pauling cut loose, delivering manic blasts of notes colored with distortion, his fingers blazing up and down the fret board, even playing with his feet.

On those rare shows in Winston-Salem, the band packed them in at armories, warehouses and a hotspot called the Kosmopolite, now a Mason's temple on Old Greensboro Road.

Rudy Anderson has fond memories of the Royales' shows he saw at the Kosmopolite.

"That group was always energetic," said Anderson, who is 85. "They'd make you get up and do it. And Pauling was what you might call the Daddy of Funk. He was a funky guitar player."

The 5 Royales moved to King Records in 1954, becoming label mates with James Brown, who frequently cited Pauling and the 5 Royales as major influences.

Brimming with confidence, Pauling took over guitar duties on the band's recorded songs beginning in 1957, punching up such songs as "Think" and "Dedicated to the One I Love" with stinging riffs and licks that hinted at the guitar's growing role in pop music.

Pauling's growing celebrity did not awe his wife. She rarely accompanied him on the road, took a job as a seamstress and mostly raised Darryl as a single parent.

But Pauling could be generous, bringing her gifts, including a fur stole. But she had no use for a pantsuit that he bought for her while he was in New York City. Finding it much too masculine for her tastes, she wore it once then told him it was too small.

For all its hits on the R&B charts, mainstream success eluded the band, forcing them to tour endlessly to pay the bills. Pauling, as the band's chief songwriter, should have generated a steady income but, like many R&B pioneers, he apparently signed away many of his rights.

Not one to share such information with his wife, Pauling often told Elise that life would get easier once he settled a dispute with his lawyer. But he did not elaborate and life never got easier.

Weary of the road and unable to recapture the glory of the 1950s, most of the original members quit in the early 1960s and returned to Winston-Salem, finding blue-collar jobs, returning to church and disavowing show business.

With his brother Clarence writing hits for Stevie Wonder and Marvin Gaye, it's not a stretch to imagine that Pauling couldn't stomach the thought of returning to a sleepy, segregated Southern city and taking up manual labor.

He moved to Brooklyn in the mid-1960s, toured as a guitar player with Sam and Dave's band, played in clubs under the moniker El Pauling and developed a comedy act with his older brother, Curtis.

Occasionally, Pauling came home to take his son and wife to the beach. But mostly, he was absent, something Elise had long gotten used to.

Pauling never produced another hit, and he fell on hard times, drinking up much of his income, Clarence said in the Goldmine article. He finally took a job as a custodian at a Brooklyn synagogue.

"I'm quite sure he was not living the fancy lifestyle because we were struggling here," Darryl said.

Often careless with medicine to control his epilepsy, Pauling went to work one day, suffered a seizure and died on Dec. 26, 1973, Elise's birthday.

That morning, she took a call at the house from a friend, who simply told her: "We lost him."

Darryl, then 17, traveled with an aunt and uncle to identify the body and pick up his few possessions, which did not amount to much. Sadly, most of his father's belongings, including his stage clothes and guitars, were either destroyed in a basement flood or stolen. They arranged for his body to come home to Winston-Salem.

Now 55, Darryl is a soft-spoken man who delivers newspapers for the Winston-Salem Journal and cares for his mother. He never learned to play an instrument; his passion is cooking.

The older he gets, the more he realizes his father's pioneering role in music. Just before Johnny Tanner, the last of the Royales, died in 2005, he told Darryl, "Your dad was brilliant and, if you do anything, get your dad's music heard."

It's a charge that he takes seriously. Yet, he concedes, "I don't know how to do it."

Whisper a Little Prayer for Me My Baby

Now 80 and receiving regular dialysis treatments, Elise, the muse for those tender, aching lyrics from "Dedicated to the One I Love," sits in her living room on a recent warm day, reflecting on a man who has been dead for nearly 38 years.

Whatever feelings she may have about Pauling's long absences and drinking, she keeps to herself.

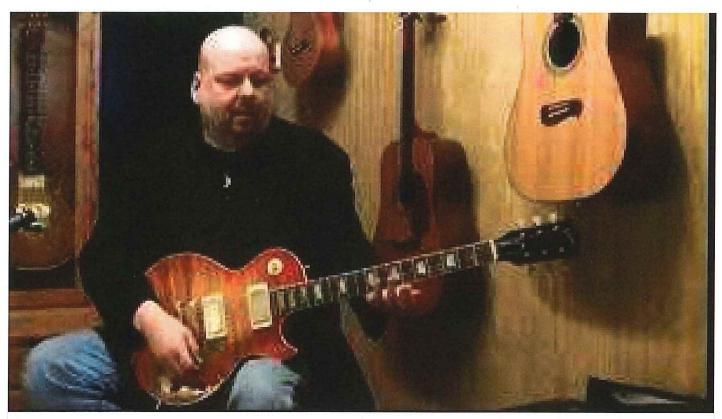
But nearly every night before she goes to bed, she does, indeed, think of him.

"I think about him all the time, especially at night," Elise said, her voice growing weak from an hour of reminiscing. "I think about everything, him traveling, him pulling up."

She never remarried.

For years, Pauling lay buried in Evergreen Cemetery in Winston-Salem under a headstone no bigger than a shoe box that listed the wrong date of death.

His name has since been engraved on a nearby headstone in a plot with some of Elise's family. Elise, apart from him for so much of their married life, will one day rest beside him.



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Music's Unsung Pioneer

Dec 4, 2011

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